# MAHONE'S LOT FAVORED

HE MAY SELL HIS WASHINGTON PROPERTY AFTER ALL.

The House Committee Favor His Lot as Site for the Government Printing Build. ing-Pestmaster of West Point, Va,

## TIMES BUREAU, RAPLEY BUILDING,

Not that we loved our party less, but silver more, is the extenuating plea of 39 Democrats who yesterday, by a combination with the Republican minority, and with the assistance of the eight Populists in the House, practically defeated a bill which not only had the outspoken public endorsement of the Administration, but had received the approval of the majority of their colleagues in conference assembled.

While the devotion of men like Bland lones, Terry, and many others in the liouse to the cause of silver cannot for a moment be questioned, it was very no-ticeable yesterday that among the sil-ver men there was a feeling of grim satver men there was a worked that at last their opportunity had come for retaliation, and that, in defeating a measure championed by the Administration, the President champloned by the Administration, they were "getting even" with the President for vetoing the seigniorage bill. As Congressman Terry, of Arkansas, expressed it, after the vote was announced: "It is another instance of the turning of the is another instance of the turning of the much-trodden-on worm. We did not ob-ject to being down, because we had be-come accustomed to it. We even al-lowed ourselves to be walked on, but when they put hobnalis in their shocs we had to put a stop to it, and we have

They rather glory in the fact that the They rather glory in the last that the action of the caucus was reversed, and claim that a precedent was set by the President, when he vetoed a bill which had not only been recommended by a Democratic caucus, but had passed the

House by a handsome majority.

There is no indication to-day that they regret their action of yesterday, and not the least probability of their receding from the positon they have taken. With this condition of affairs in the House, it looks like a hopeless case. The party is divided, and the chance of its getting together is only a remote possibility.

THE REPUBLICAN POLICY. As the Republicans have abandoned the line of policy first marked out by their leaders, and will in the future antagonize any measure looking towards financial relief that may be proposed, it is very evident that the silver men are the masters of the situation, and while they express their willingness to come to terms, there is no chance of their agreeing to any bill that does not make substantial con-

cessions to their cause.

In the meantime, Mr. Springer and his associates of the Banking and Currency Cor Attee are not idle, but are endeavoring o fix up some kind of an agreer by which some kind of financial legislation can be enacted. Mr. Springer ha and several with Secretary Carlisle, who still expresses a hope that a bill can be passed by the House, and it is said that passed by the House, and it is said that he is at work on one that will be presented to the House during the early part of next week. It is said that the new bill will be formed closely on the lines of the compromise bill outlined in this correspondence last week, and will provide for the retirement of the outstanding left the retirement of the outstanding left. for the retirement of the outstanding le tender notes, with an issue of 3 per cent, bonds of small denominations, on which national banks will be allowed to issue notes to their full face value. As a concession to the silver men, it is said that provisions for the coinage of the seigniorage, will be made; but the State not thought, however, that even not thought, however, that even a bit of this kind will pass, as some of the silver men will hold out for the proposition offered in the caucus by Congressman Terry, of Arkansas, which provides for the coinage of silver dollars at the rate of \$1 per capita.

The whole thing, however, is in a state of the capital of the

of chaos to-day, and it is hardly proba-ble that any definite plan will be mapped out this week.

out this week.

The urgent deficiency bill, which carries the provisions for collecting the income tax was taken up in the Senate to-day. As was expected, Senator Hill will do everything in his power to delay or defeat the passage of the bill. Although he has placed himself on record many times as opposed to dilatory mo-tions, it was very evident from his tac-tics this morning that he would regard the fillibuster as a legitimate weapon if he could make use of it to encompass the defeat of this bill. It required an eye and no vote to get it before the Senate, although its only opponents were Senators Hill and Cameron.

## MR. WISE HAS TO DECLINE.

Congressman Wise was again compelled for lack of time to decline the request of the editor of the North American review to send him an opinion of 2,500 words on the retaliatory measures of foreign Governments against American

Captain Wise should be selected merited compliment to the distinguished representative from the Metropolitan district of our State, and a recognition of ability that is seldom awarded the couthern statesmen by our literary

friends of the North.

At Captain Wise's request Mr. A. J.

Ware was to-day appointed postmaster
at West Point, Va. to fill the vacancy
caused by the death of Mr. R. G. How-

The subcommittee of the House Com-mittee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, to which was referred the bill providing for the construction of a memoproviding for the construction of a memo-rial bridge across the Potomac at Ar-lington, having agreed to recommend the appropriation of \$600,000 for that purpose, Captain Wise, who is chairman of the committee, says that the bill will certainly be reported favorably by the whole committee.

In my report of the proceedings of the

Democratic caucus held Monday night I omitted to notice the presence of Con-gresomain Turner, who was there and voted with the majority for the Carlislo

This morning in the House Mr. Tur-This morning in the House Mr. Tur-ner, who was detained at his hotel yes-terday on account of sickness, asked that it be inserted in the Congressional Rec-ord that had he been present he would have voted to sustain the Committee on

At last a new Government Printing Office building is at least a possibility, as the House Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings agreed by a vote of 5 to 3 to recommend the purchase of a building site. That the choice fell on the Mahone lot was not a surprise, as the unyielding demand of the Senate was that it should be that or nothing made it apparent that if this much-needed public building was to be erected in the near future, the House would be compelled to accept the terms dictated by the Sen-

what action the House will take on this report remains to be seen, but it is very evident that the proposition will be much stronger than when it was de-feated in the House last year, as the favoral a report of the committee gives it a press. That it did not have at that time. It is understood that while Chair-man Rant had was opposed to the con-

to-morrow.

It provides for a reserve list from the classes of 1861 to 1869, inclusive; confers positive rank upon the staff corps; equalizes the pay of all who may hereafter be appointed; provides for selection to flag rank from among the list of captains and recognizes the right of enlisted men, under certain circumstances, to obtain commissions in the navy, and gives them the same privilege of naturalization and retirement as privates of the army.

The Inspection Board had reported the cruiser San Francisco, now at Newport, ready for a foreign cruise, and salling orders have been sent to her to leave as soon as possible for the European station, where she is to displace the Chicago as flagship. The Chicago will go out of commission at the New York navy yard before the end of February, and will undergo repairs which will take more than a year. New engines will be installed, which will increase the vessel's speed from 16 to 19 knots.

from 15 to 19 knots. NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 16.—The United States cruiser San Francisco sailed to-day for Gibraltar. She will relieve the Chicago on the European station.

## REFUSE TO BELKASE RICHARD. Had the Chamber Voted Against Him

Premier Dupuy Would Have Resigned. PARIS, Jan. 10 .- The discussion of the question of releasing M. Richard from prison, in view of the fact of his hav-ing been elected a member of the Chamber of Deputies, was resumed in the

Chamber to-day.

Premier Dupuy declared that if the
Chamber voted for Mr. Richard's liberation another Cabinet must carry out the
work which had been iaid out by the

Government. The Premier's threat to resign had the desired effect, as the proposal to release M. Bichard was rejected by a vote of

M. Lacour has been re-elected president of the Senate.
A motion of urgency for Deputy Habert's bill, granting general amnesty to political prisoners, was rejected by a vote of 345 to 167.

## CARLISLE WILL TRY AGAIN, The President, it is Said, Will Make Some

Concessions to Free Silverites
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Adminis-WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Administration is reported not to have lost all hope of the passage of the financial measure by the House. Secretary Carlisie is considering to-day the substitute bill, which has been before the House, with a view to amending it in such particulars as may result in securing for the new bill the support of some of those who have antagonized it.

It is said this morning that the President is willing to make any concession to the opponents of the bill that will not impair its general features or that will not be regarded as a clean surrender to the free-silver men.

the free-silver men.

## Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The senate to-day confirmed the following iominations:
Herbert F. Bowen, of New York, consult Barrelane, Social to be Senate to-day commander of New York, consul nominations:

Herbert F. Bowen, of New York, consul at Barcelona, Spain, to be consul-general; Jarvis Spencer, of Maryland, to be consul at Curacoa, West Indies; A. J. Patterson, of Tennessee, consul at Demerara, British Guiana; E. K. Lowry, of Ohio, to be second secretary of the legation at Leking, China; G. W. Wilson, of Florida, to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Florida; Colonel G. Norman Liaber, assistant judge-advocate-general, to be judge-advocate-general, with the rank of brigadiergeneral; H. B. Hamilton, of New Mexico, to be associate justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico of the Supreme Court of New Mexico.

Postmasters: Texas-Mrs, M. R. Fly, at Goliad; J. T. Gaines, at Paris; J. E. Muhn, at New Braugsfels.

Virginia-B. S. Ferguson, at Neapolis; G. W. Deak, at Tazewell.

Lieutenant-Commander Franklin Hanford, to be a commander in the navy. Assistant Engineer Harry G. Leopold, to be a passed assistant Engineer in the navy. Passed Assistant Engineer in the navy. Indian Appropriation Bill.

## Indian Appropriation Bill.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The House Committee on Indian Affairs has completed the Indian appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year. The measure as agreed upon will carry an appropriation of about \$5,500,000 from the appropriation for the current year and about the same amount below the estimates on what is based. For the support of Indian schools, \$1,124,350 is appropriated, and a proviso is inserted under this section directing the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to reduce by twenty per cent. per annum the cost of maintaining contract schools. A number of schools which have heretofore been appropriated for specifically are not mentioned in the bill, and the question of continuing them is left to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Most of them are under the charge of Catholic clergy and sisterhood.

## The Scott Abduction Imbroglio.

The Scott Abduction Imbroglio.

O'NEILL, NEB., Jan. 10.—M. Roy, G. D. Mullihan, and James A. Pinkerman, the men arrested for compilcity in Bartlett Scott's abduction, waived their preliminary hearing and were bound over to appear at the next term of the district court in \$1,200 each. They all got bail and were released. The web is tightening all the time around those arrested. To-day a party of about forty men went out to the Niobrara river for the purpose of searching it. They intend to cut the ice and probe and drag the river for a long distance, and it will probably take four to eight days, and they took bedding and will camp on or near the river, and stay until they are satisfied that the body is not there.

Robbers Got More Than \$10,000.

## Robbers Got More Than \$10,000.

Robbers Got More Than \$16,000.

DEFIANCE, OHIO, Jan. 10.—The robbery of the Merchants National Bank is the one theme of conversation in this city to-day. The job was one of the most clever ever known to the detectives at work on the case. The investigation revealed the fact, the officials claim, that the robbers secured but \$10,000 in money, but it is generally believed the amount was much larger. Postmaster Weigerding mourns the loss of \$1,750 of postage stamps, which he had placed in the bank yauit for safe-keeping.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Superintendent of Immigration Stump is informed that Mr. Austin Corbin has arranged to colonize 4,000 acres in Chicot
county, Ark., with Italians. If the immigrants meet all the requirements as
to health, etc., of the Immigration Bureau, there will be no objection to their
landing. So far 275 families are engaged
to occupy the land. This is said to be
the first of several such schemes to
colonize the idle land of the South.

A dispatch to the London Times from Odessu says large numbers of Armenian refugees are daily entering Caucusus, travelling through Turker to wen their

ment or collection of a tax, and it was that section which the amendment proposed to set aside for the special purpose of testing the constitutionality of the

A motion to lay the amendment on the A motion to lay the amendment on the table was made by Mr. Peffer, and was befeated, whereupon the bill and the amendment went over without action till to-morrow, Mr. Quay giving notice of other amendments to re-enact the whole of the McKinley law, and to reimpose the wool tax.

The Nigaraguan canal bill was taken up

The Nicaraguan canal bill was taken up and an argument was made against it by

Mr. Caffery.

The Aldrich resolution, declaring the sense of the Senate to be that one or more ships of the navy should be stationed at Honolulu, went over till to-morrow, when the latest correspondence from the Hawalian Islands, to which Mr. Aldrich wished to refer, will be printed. Notice was given by Mr. Ransom that the memorial ceremony in memory of his late colleague, Senator Vance, had been postponed from Thursday, the 17th instant, to Saturday, the 19th. At 5:25 the Senate adjourned.

## House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10 .- The House made a record in the matter of transaction of business to-day that com-pares favorably with that of any previous

day for a long time.

The Hawailan correspondence, made public yesterday, was laid before the House, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs for report upon the re-Foreign Affairs for report upon the re-commendation of the President that the request of the Hawalian Government to be permitted to lease Neckar Island to a British submarine cable company, be favorably acted upon by Congress. Saturday, the second day of February, was set apart for the delivery of culogies upon the life and services of the late Senator Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia. A resolution was agreed to, asking the

A resolution was agreed to, asking the Secretary of the Interior to tell Congress why the agreement with the Kickapoo Indians for the cession of their lands in Oklahoma, made in 1891 and ratified by Congress in 1886, had not been carried

The following bills were passed: House bill, to define the crimes of mur-der in the first and second degrees, man-slaughter, mutiny, and desertion, and to abolish the death penalty for certain other crimes. Senate bill, to amend the shipping laws

so as to abolish the requirement of bonds for the registry of vessels. House bill, authorizing collectors of cus-toms to add to the certificates of inspection of American Vessels the gross and net tonnage, as ascertained in conformity with the laws and practices of foreign untries with which the vessels trade

Thirteen private pension bills were also endeavored to se Senate bill granting a pension of \$100 a menth to Major-General John A. McCler-nand, of Illinois, but Mr. Strong (Rep., O. j objected.

Most of the afternoon was spent in consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill for the year ending June 39, 1896, the last of the genral appropriation bills on the calendar. It car-ries a total of \$5,190,187, besides \$201,919 on account of the water department. The House, at 4:15 P. M., adjourned un-til to-morrow.

## THE CEREAL CROPS.

### Yield of Corn the Lowest on Record. Wheat, Potatoes and Tobacco.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.-The estimates of the area, product, and value

washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—The estimates of the area, product, and value by States and territories of the cereai crops, together with those of hay, potatoes, and tobacco, have been completed by the statistician of the Agricultural Department, and are presented as follows:

The corn crop of 1894, in rate of yield, is one of the lowest on record. In the past thirteen years the yield per acref but one year, namely, 1881, was lower, the yield for that year having been 18.6, against 19.4 for the year 1894. Severe drought and dry winds in a few of the principal corn producing States reduced the area harvested for its grain value to 62,582,000 from the 76,000,000 acres planted. The product garnered is 1,212,770,000 bushels, having an estimated farm value of \$554,719,000.

The wheat crop is above an average one in yield per acre. The entire product for the country is 469,267,416 bushels, which is below the average for the five years 1890 to 1894. The farm value of the crop is \$225,902,005. The area, according to revised estimates, is 34,882,533 acres. In the revision of acreage the principal changes made in the spring wheat States. The rate of yield is 13.2 bushels year acre. The average value per bushel, 49.1 per cent.

The estimate for oats are: Area, 27,023,-533 acres: product, 662,086,928; value, 8214,816,920; yield per acre, 24.5 bushels. Rye—Area, 1,144,780 acres, product, 26,727,615 bushels: value, 813,334,476.

Potatoes—Area, 2,737,973 acres; product, 170,737,338 bushels: value, 813,334,476.

Tobacco—Area, 2,737,973 acres; product, 403,678,385 pounds; value, \$27,700,739.

## GENERAL HETH SLIGHTLY BETTER Still Grave Apprehensions Felt About His Case by the Physician.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Special .-General Harry Heth, though still seriously ill, is slightly better to-night. To-morrow his illness will have reached the critlow his lilness will have reached the critical stage, and some apprehension is felt by his physician, Dr. G. Byrd Harrison. General Heth has made many friends during his residence here, both in official and social circles, to whom his illness is a source of deep concern, which is evi-denced by the many courtesies and ten-der considerations of which he is the daily recipient.

## THANKS, IMANA , MANY THANKS, Says Gen. Ransom as He Resigns the Posttion of President Pre Tem.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.-Imme diately after the reading of the Journal in the Senate to-day Senator Ransom, in the Senate to-day Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, who had been elected last week President of the Senate protempore, announced his resignation of that exaited position, in accordance with the declaration of his purpose when he was elected, and in doing so expressed his deep sense of the honor conferred upon him, his inalienable affection for his brother senators, and his fervent and devoted aspirations for the perpetual usefulness and glory of the Senate.

Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.) their affered

RICHMOND, VA. FRIDAY JANUARY 11 1895.

Government official in a neighboring State.

Allsbrook is the king bee of a gang of dangerous counterfeiters, who have been flooding the Carolinas, Tennessee, Georgia and other southern States with spurious money for a long time past. They dealt in big 5-ime and coined only gold metal, considering silver too small to bother with in addition, his gang made excellent counterfeit bills and there was but little trouble in passing them, so perfect was their work. The Secret Service division of the Treasury Department has been on his track for months.

Department has been on his track for months.

The Morning News' reporter has from a reliable source that a Government official some distance from this city is suspected of being a confederate. Allsbrook also had confederates in Brunswick, and more arrests will be made in Brunswick to-morrow morning, including both white and colored people. Allsbrook was trapped by a decoy letter from Postmaster McBrown, that a registered letter awaited him. McBrown had been put on the watch by Inspector Forsyth, of Atlanta, and when Allsbrook responded he was arrested. His commitment trial for passing counterfelt coin and bills in Brunswick will be held before Commissioner Lehman to-morrow. Allsbrook is modest and retiring in disposition and appearance, and worked in Brunswick under the guise of a laborer at Brown & Garber's planing mill. Inspector Forysth arrived this morning and regards the catch as one of the biggest in his experience.

# THE ANTI-REFOLUTION BILL.

### Prussia's Minister of War Sounds the Note of Warning to Socialists. BERLIN, Jan. 10 .- Debate on the anti-

revolution bill was resumed in the Reichstag to-day. Count von Limburg-Stirum (Conservative) spoke in support of the one of the Socialists, that they contensions of the Socialists, that they con-stituted the labor party. Herr Munckel Richter (Radical) next

spoke in opposition to the bill.

General Bronsart von Schellendorff, Imperial Minister of War, in a brief, but vigorous, speech, in which he was frequently interrupted by Singer and Liebecht (Socialists), declared that the discipline of the army was still perfect, and the men composing it were ready for duty against any force whose enmity to the against any lorce whose entity to the Empire, or its institutions, might call their services into requisition. It would be rampant lunacy, he said, for the Socialists to attempt to put their theories into practice, but the time would come when their followers would compel the Socialist leaders to take a dangerous po-sition. The bill was required to obviate the necessity of the ormy having to put upon the same time the misled followers of irresponsible agitators. Dr. Schoensted, Minister of Justice, re-

futed the legal objections to the bill raised by Herr Munckel.

## FOR PERMANENT HEADQUARTERS.

The Democratic Congressional Committee So Decide at a Meeting Yesterday. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.-The Democratic Congressional Committee held a meeting this afternoon in the room of the House Committee on La-

room of the House Committee on Labor. Sixteen members, including Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, (chairman), and Mr. Lawrence Gardner, of Washington (secretary), were present.

A statement submitted by Mr. Gardner showed that all the expenses connected with the campaign last autumn had been settled, and that a fair working balance remained in the treasury.

It was decided that permanent headquarters should be established at the Riggs House annex, in this city. An advisory committee of five was ordered appointed, to consist of the chairman, secretary and three other members, whose duty it shall be to communicate with members whose seats may be contested and with candidates who propose contesting the seats of their victorious Republican opponents in the Fifty-fuorth Congress.

# ongress. This is the first meeting held by the ommittee since the last election.

## RENDEZVOUS AT HAMPION ROADS. The North Atlantic Squadron to Gather There the Middle of Next Week

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.-The United States flagship New York left the Brooklyn navy yard early this morning for

lyn navy yard early this morning for Hampton Roads.

Admiral Meade, who is in command of the North Atlantic Squadron, said the squadron would rendezvous at Hampton Roads the middle of next week, and would shortly thereafter proceed to the West Indies, where they would cruise about Windward Islands, making port probably at Barbadoes, Martinique, Trinidad, St. Christopher, St. Thomas, St. Croix and Santa Lucia. The ships in the North Atlantic squadron are the New York, Columbia, Atlanta, Marblehead, Cincinnati and Raleigh.

# Able Argument of Counsel.

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NEW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 16.—A great crowd was attracted to Civil Division Court to-day to hear the argument in the impeachment case against Mayor Fitzpatrick.

F. L. Richardson, although he had not concluded his excellent argument when an adjournment was taken yesterday, was obliged to make way to-day on account of previous arrangements as to time to the defence, who are entitled to to-day and to-morrow in which to present their arguments.

General T. M. Miller opened for the defence when court convened. His argument was considered a masterpiece, and he admirably sustained the excellent reputation he brought with him to New Orleans.

## A Verdict for the Bank.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A jury in the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Lacombe to-day, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff, for the full amount sued for, with interest from 1831, in the case of the Exchange Bank, of Yorkville, S. C., against Hubbard, Price & Co., commission brokers, of this city. The amount of the judgment with interest is over \$10,000.

The action was brought through the alleged breach of promise of the defendants to accept two drafts on the bank for \$7,400, and \$750, drawn by Hope & Co., of Yorkville, S. C., dated respectively, October 9th and October 10, 1891.

The Old Terminal Trust Receipts.

# The 6ld ferminal Trust Receipts. NEW YORK, Jan, 19.—On and after January 19, 1856, the old Richmand Terminal Trust receipts will be stricken from the list at the New York Stock Exchange. There are but very few of the old certificates outstanding, holders having long ago exchanged them for the new Southern Rallway securities. As it is the Richmond Terminal certificates are no longer traded in at the board, and there has been no quotation for them in weeks.

HELENA, MONT., Jan. 10.—The Republican caucus last night nominated Lee Mantle, of Butte, for the unfilled term in the United States Senate. Mantle was appointed two years ago, but was not seated by the Senate.

meet Saturday morning, each member

was cautioned to say nothing about what transpired in the room, and their ap-

transpired in the room, and their appeared to be a general disposition to maintain strict silence. Various suggestions of a tentative character were advanced, but in no instance did those charged with responsibility put forward a single proposition as one upon which they would agree.

The Republicans, when urged to suggest some means for the solution of the problem, talked tariff and refrained from accepting the invitation, Taken altogether, the meeting was unsatisfactory and when it became apparent that no headway could be made, it was agreed that nothing further should be done until Saturday, when Mr. Vest will submit a bill which he hopes will include the ideas favored by his side of the Chamber. It is probable that other members may also come prepared in a like manner. DEMANDS OF THE SILVER SENATORS.

also come prepared in a like manner.

DEMANDS OF THE SILVER SENATORS.

Enough was gathered from the discussion to learn that the silver senators would under no circumstances vote for an issue of bonds that did not carry with it an arrangement that cared for silver in the most substantial manner. All of these senators agreed that the only thing in that direction that would be satisfactory was the unlimited coinage of silver. Free coinage they might waive, under proper conditions.

Mr. Vest at the same time declares his friendship for silver, and stated to his colleagues that he would vote for an issue of bonds sufficient to refund the greenbacks and the Treasury notes issued under the Sherman act, provided there was coupled with it a thorough recognition of silver worded in a fashion that would remove the discretionary power of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is not unlikely that either Mr. Vest or some other Democrat on the committee will prepare a bill somewhat on the lines of the suggestions of Wharton Barker, of Philadelphia, duringt the struggle for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act.

Under that proposition bonds were to be issued at a low rate of interest and the Government was to coin the silver retaining the difference between the bullion and the market price in standard silver dollars.

A PLAN THAT ELIMINATES BONDS.

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The ultra silver men on the committee and in the Senate antagonize this, however, and go to the extent of opposing bends under any and all conditions, and in the category may be included Senators Voorhees and Harsts. It is understood that these senators, representing the silver element in both parties, favor a plan that eliminates bonds entirely, and Mr. Voorhees is more inclined to favor it because he is unalterably opposed to bonds for the further use of national banks. The idea, therefore, that meets his approval, and that of his silver colleagues, more than anything else, is thus proposed measure: The funding of the greenbacks and treasury notes, aggregating about 500,000,000, by the issuing of gold certificates and the destruction of all greenbacks and treasury notes as fast as they are substituted 

# WHAT THE BEPUBLICANS THINK

WHAT THE BEPUBLICANS THINE.

It is understood that Mr. Aldrich, or some other Republican, will submit to the committee at the meeting Saturday a bill restering the reciprocity arrangements in force under the McKinley act as a substitute for any financial measure that may be brought forth. There are indications that the Republican leaders are not anxious for an extra session of Congress, and would prefer, if they can do so consistently, to aid some scheme that would dispose of the pending trouble during the summer months and leave its final settlement for the new Congress that will convene in regular session next December. If their aid is given to any proposition it must be along Republican lines, and they reinforce their arguments in this matter by the statement that Democrats might as well accept it now as fo be compelled to do so either in extra session or during the next Congress.

The meeting Saturday will, in all prob-

gress.

The meeting Saturday will, in all probability, be proficiess, for membres of the committee of both parties agree in saying that nothing was accomplished to indicate any change in the sentiment of the members as to what should be done or to encourage the belief that anything at all will be done.

## IRON AND STEEL TRADE.

A Number of Encouraging Items in the Reports to the Trade Review. CLEVELAND, OHIO, Jan. 10 .- The Iron

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Jan. 10.—The Iron Trade Review says:

While any round statement about the iron and steel trade, now that it has fairly entered upon a new year, would show some hindrances to improvement, there are yet a number of encouraging items in the reports from various sections the past week. The 30,000-ton purchase of rails by the Pennsylvania Company, noted last week. Is expected to be followed later in the year by another order for a like amount. A number of good contracts for cars are pending, and within a fortnight orders for 2,000 or 3,000 cars have been closed by western roads. The effect of this beginning of long postponed and much needed requisitions for equipment will be felt in turn by producers of pig iron, by bar mills, car-wheel foundries—in fact, all along the line. One southern pipe concern has taken orders for 4,500 tons recently, albeit the prices was a record breaker.

At Chicago a contract of close to 2,000 tons of structural material was taken by a Pitusburg firm, and in the same market a 1,200-ton bar-iron sale was made in the present week. Some further lake shipbuilding is promised, and in connection with an extensive Texas bridge enterprise some good work has come Central Western bridge works. There is the beginning also of a larger movement of iron from furnaces to foundries, East and West, indicating that foundrymen, hone of them have carried any stock of iron,

Ciusion reached by the committee he will deprive the opposition of their leader of last year and will greatly enhance the chances for the acceptance of the report.

THE ANENDMENT PREPARED DY MR. ULLL greatly triving the committee of the report.

The Manual Hon. Peter J. Otey, congressman-elect from the Sixth Virsina distances and this uncontrolled their banks of the same their banks of the same their banks of the same than though they had an informal conference with Senator Daniel, who in his seat or day, a report of the Senator Daniel, who in his seat or day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—A prediction of the sale of the senator Daniel, who in his seat or day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—The House Gets Down to Daniel and several members of the Virginia congressional delegation, consection with the enforcement of the income tax, which in the seat or day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—The House Gets Down to Daniel, who in his seat or day.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The House Gets Down to Senator Daniel, who in his seat conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the conditional revenue agents, in connection with the enforcement of the income tax, sole places and the

### BRITISH NAVAL EXPENDITURES. The Cabinet Council Fails to Agree as t the Amount for 1895.

LONDON, Jan. 10 .- A Cabinet council was held at noon to-day, but as yet mothing is known as to the character of the proceedings. It is believed, however, that the chief topic of discussion was that of navai expenditures, upon which Lord Rosebery, Sir William Harcourt and Earl Spencer conferred last week. For Rosebery and Earl Spencer at that conference favored an expenditure in 1835 of the amount equal to that expended in 1894 for the purpose of building war ships. This was opposed by Sir William Harcourt, as he was expecting to get a surplus, and wished to effect certain economies and popular reforms. No agreement being reached, it was decided to call a Cabinet meeting at as early a day as possible in order to take the sense of the members on the question. Consequently, members of the Cabinet who were abroad were summoned home by telegraph. nothing is known as to the character of

were abroad were summoned home by telegraph.

The Council adjourned at 1:50 P. M. After the adjournment Sir William Harcourt took luncheon with Sir George O. Trevillian and Mr. Henry H. Fowler, respectively, Secretary for Scotland and Secretary for India. All of the members of the Cabinet were present at the meeting. Arnold Morley, the Postmaster-General, was summoned from Monte Carlo, and G. Shaw Lefevre, president of the Local Government Board, was recalled from Cannes, whither they had gone last week, intending to remain until the end of the month. Both arrived here by special train last evening.

the holds be evening.

The Daily News denies the truth of the report that Sir William Harcourt disagrees with his colleagues on the subject of naval expenses.

## Fire in a New York Hamlet,

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The little village of Scottsville, near this city, last evening, was visited by a disastrous fire, in which a large flour mill, formerly owned by L. M. Godley & Co., of this city, now owned and operated by the Merchants' Bank, of Rochester, was destroyed. A large elevator, containing about twenty thousand bushels of wheat, also succumbed. Charles Zimmerman, an employe, was seriously burned, and lies in a precarious condition. The origin of the fire was due to the explosion of a lamp in the lands of Zimmerman as he was passing through the mill on the second floor of the building. The mill has been running continuously with day and night forces. The village is without any fire apparatus, with the exception of one engine and a hose. The loss could not be very accurately estimated, but the latest figures given were \$125,000. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 10 .- The little

## Nova Scotia Miners Strike.

HALIFAN, N. S., Jan. 10.-The miners at Spring Hill Coal mines struck this morning. Only meagre information has the trouble has been brewing between the trouble has been brewing between the miners and management for some time, over whether the work should be in one long shift or two short ones. Neither side would give way, and the strike resulted. The feeling is that the men, although they have grievances, should not have struck at a time when work in their line is so duli. Word from the collieries last night was to the effect that a settlement had been reached, but a hitch occurred this morning, and the men refused to go to work.

## Cable Brevities.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone arrived at Cannes Wednesday evening.

The Banca Popolare, of Rome, suspended business Wednesday evening.

A terrific snow storm, accompanied by a gale, swept over the town of Calenza, in the province of Fogue, Italy, Wednesday, demolishing a number of houses and killing eight persons.

day, demolishing a number of houses and killing eight persons.

A dispatch to a news agency from Yokohama says the new Corean administration has failed in its efforts to raise an internal loan, the native capitalists refusing to take part in the movement.

Mrs. Charles A. Theimann was burned to death at Omaha, Neb., yesterday morning while attempting to escape from the flames which enveloped her home. In jumping from a window Mr. Theimann broke his leg and sustained other serious injuries.

Earthquake shocks Wednesday night are reported from Pembroke, Cobden and West Meath, in the northeastern part of Ontario. The shocks occurred about 11:39 o'clock and lasted from fifteen to twenty seconds. No damage was done. Heavy snow storms are prevailing throughout Austria. Railways are blocked and trains snowed in, inflicting great discomfort upon passengers, and in some cases causing them great suffering from gold and hunger. Archduke Franz Ferdinand is a passenger on one of the snow-bound trains.

Shortly before noon yesterday O. W. Pollits and his wife, of Minneapolis.

Shortly before noon yesterday O. W. Rolles and his wife, of Minneapolis, Minn., were found dead in their home. They had not been seen for several days and this caused the neighbors to force an entrance in the house. A revolver was found, indicating murder and suicide.

A cable from London to the Toronto Empire says: It is reported here that the decision of the judicial committee of the Privy Council on the Manitoba school case will be given soon. In well-informed circles it is expected that the decision will reverse the judgment of the Supreme Court of Canada, thus giving Roman Catholic petitioners in Manitoba the right to appear before the Governor in Council of the Dominion and argue their claims.

# It is reported that Mrs. J. Head and her child, of Hazzards, Camden county, Gu., were frozen to death at their home on Friday night last.

The Age-Herald, the only morning newspaper in Birmingham, which was advertised to be sold at a trustee's saic yesterday, will not be sold until Febru-ary 11th, by agreement of all parties at

Wyeth's c thar factory at St. Joseph, Mo., was totally destroyed by fire of unknown origin yesterday morning. The factory was the largest of its kind in the West, and employed nearly three hundred men. The loss will reach \$150,000, and is partially covered by insurance.

For refusing to accept a 20 per cent, reduction in wages, the wire drawers of the Salem (Ohio) Wire Nall Company were ordered by Superintendent Backes yesterday to take their tools from the mill and were locked out. The men insisted upon the company keeping faith with them by paying the scale of wages which they say was agreed upon. It is alleged that the company will import men from their mills at Findlay to the places of the local men.

# IDENTIFICATION COMPLETE.

Mercanfield, the Train Robber, A'most Certain to be Sent to Virginia.

## THE EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS BEGUN

Express Messengers Crutchfield and Mun rny Recite the Story of the Robberr. Searcy's Confession Boad,

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 10.-Special .-The extradition and habeas corpus proceedings in the case of Charles Morganfield, the Aquia creek (Va.) train robber, were begun to-day in the Common Pleas

Morganfield was taken from jail on a cot, still suffering from a broken leg Messrs, Robert and Will Ramsey, of counsel for the Adams Express Company; City Agent Fogg, and other officials of the company; Superintendent Esten, of the Pinkerton Detective Agency; Prosecutor Seymour White, and Sheriff Kennedy, of Stafford county, Va., were on hand. Morganfield was represented by Attor-ney Thomas F. Shay.

ney Thomas F. Shay.

Several witnesses were examined, all of fw960m positively identified Morganfield as the train robber. Among these were Express Messengers Crutchfield and Mur-

ray, who told the thrilling story of the attack.

The confession of Searcy, Morganfield's pai, was read, and Morganfield's move-ments from town to town till he arrived in Cincinnati were traced. Although the in Cincinnati were traced. Although the prisoner's attorney is making a big fight for him, his identification is complete. The case will be resumed to-morrow. Morganfield will doubtless be sent to Virginia for trial, where the penalty for his offence is death.

## KING OF COREA REPORTED DRAD Some Have It That he Was Assassinated,

While Others Say he has Epilepsy. LONDON, Jan. 10 .- A dispatch from Yokohama to the Globe says some Japanese newspapers print the report that the King of Corea has been assassinated, while other papers asseft that he has been prostrated with epilepsy.

## ENGLAND TO RESIST THE JAPANESE. LONDON, Jan. 10.-A dispatch from Shanghai to the Central News says that the British Government has wired in-structions to Admiral Freemantle, commanding the British feet in Chinese

waters, to prevent by force, if necessary, the Japanese squadron from ascending the Yang-Tse-Kiang river.

The dispatch further states that the Americans, Wilde and Howie, arrested at Kobe on the steamer Sydney in November last, in consequence of the dis-covery of a plot entered into with the Chinese Government to destroy the Jap-anese fleet by means of explosives, who were subsequently released on parole, have arrived at Wei-Hai-Wie, and are engaged in the work of preparing ex-plosives for use in carrying out their scheme.

# COWARDLY CHINESE GENERAL.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A dispatch to the Central News from Pekin says: General Wel-Juk-Nel, who was recently arrested by the order of Li-Hung-Chang, has arrived there and has been turned over to the Board of Punishment. He will be condemned on charges of retreating in face of the enemy, cowardice, extortion and plundering. Circassia nan Aground in a Bog.

Circassia han Aground in a Bog.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Anchor Line steamer Circassia, Captain Shanklin, from New York December 29th for Glasgow, which arrived at Moville yesterday, ran aground at Skelmorlie, Scotlafff, during the prevalence of a thick fog. Her passengers will be landed at Wemyss bay and forwarded thence by rail to Glasgow. A very dense fog has hung over the Clyde for several days past, and there have been no arrivals of vessels at Glasgow since yesterday morning. Five steamers due at Glasgow and Greenock have not arrived, and it is believed they are lying at anchor in the Clyde.

Passengers of the Circassia are still on board the ship, the vessel having been floated before arrangements for landing them at Wemyss bay were completed. The fog prevents the steamer Anchoria from sailing from Glasgow for New York, in accordance with her schedule.

Australia Escapes a Cri-is.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 10.—The difference in opinion between the Government and the Assembly, in regard to the proposed reduction in the salaries of members and officials of the Assembly, is not so serious as to bring about a crisis. Premier Turner informed the Assembly to-day that he would not retire, and the members congratulated him upon having sacrificed his personal inclinations to the public good. The concensus of opinion is that a change in the ministry at the present time would endanger the linancial position of the country.

This evening the Assembly adopted the Government proposals to reduce the Governor's salary from ten thousand pounds to five thousand pounds, beginning with the next Governor. The Assembly also adopted the proposal to reduce the salaries of members of the Assembly from 200 pounds to 240 pounds.

New Patriarch of the Armenians. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The St. James Gazette published a dispatch from Constantinople which says that the new Armenian patriarch Izmirlian was formally enthroned yesterday as "the Patriarch of all the Armenians."

After he had taken the oath the patriarch delivered an address, in which he said:

"Fidelity to the Government ought to move in accord with the conviction that we enjoy complete security of our honor, lives and property. The rights of the nation and the Church are sacred and unprescriptible."

Alleved Kuklux Men Arristed.

ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 10.—Five of the best known citizens of Murray county have been indicted by the United States grand jury here for murder and conspiracy. The men indicted are John Edmondson, Tom Wright, an ex-United States deputy marshall; W. A. Hannah, George Terry, and Merrill Wood.

These parties are all believed to be members of the Ku-Klux band. Judge John Edmondson owns three thousand acres of fine land in Murray county, and is one of the leading citizens of his section of the State. He gave a \$5,000 bond and went back home. Edmondson is said to be the leader of the gang. He and Hannah came to Atlanta and gave themselves up. Deputy marshals are hunting for the others.

# The United States and Cube.

MADRID, Jan. 19. The modus vivendi between the United States and Cuba has been agreed upon with the exception of the settlement of the question of the date upon which it shall become operative. By the terms of the agreement Cuba concedes the second column tariff in return for the most favored nation treatment.

CONDON, Jan. 10.—The Prince of Wales is suffering from the effects of a chili which overcame him last night. His condition is not serious.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.-Virginia: Showers; elightly co-westerly winds. For North Carolina: Fair; slig